

Standard for Client Onboarding

Documentation and Processes -Annexes

FINAL



Annexes – Client Onboarding Document Lists – Structure and Guidance Notes

The annexes below are structured as follows:

- Annex 1: Onboarding Evidence List Eligible data points, recommended evidence, substitutions, and minimum parameters
 - Annex la: Identity (of the onboarded entity) whether the legal entity exists and is who it claims to be;
 - Annex 1b: Business (of the onboarded entity) what the entity does, how it does it, and whether it complies with necessary rules to do it;
 - Annex Ic: Structure the natural and legal persons related to the onboarded entity which also need to be due diligenced and how to prove their connection:
 - Annex 1d: Connected Parties the information that needs to be evidenced about the parties identified in Annex 1c; and
 - Annex le: Supplementary Operational Data other key data commonly gathered at the point of onboarding, but outside of CDD requirements.
- Annex 2: Mapping of Suggested Documents to Data Points
- Annex 3: Principles for Gathering of Data Points and Evidence
 - Annex 3a: Sourcing
 - Annex 3b: Hierarchy of Sources
 - Annex 3c: Evidence Type
- Annex 4: Recommended Process for Sourcing of Evidence
- Annex 5: Sample Communication to Clients



Annex 1: Onboarding Evidence List - Introduction

Example:

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non -Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
A3a	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			
D3	NATIONALITY	All	Government Rarely public	N/A	Passport or other ID issued or endorsed by the national or federal government		Certified within 12mo or seen by Level 2c employee	In validity period in first instance	Only one passport or ID required where multiple nationalities held, but client/connected party should list all nationalities.

Column headings in Annex 1 have the following meanings:

- Ref: for mapping purposes
- (Connected Party: in the case of Annex 1d, the connected person(s) to whom the Data Point pertains)
- Data Point: the data point required
- Client Type: the type of client for which this Data Point is required
- Examples of Public Evidence: a non-exhaustive list of types of potential sources and documents that are sufficiently credible and usually in the public domain. For indicative examples for selected jurisdictions, please see Annex 6
- Golden Source: the creator of the Data Point or deemed definitive source, and how often the Data Point is publicly available from this source (usually/sometimes/rarely/bespoke to the trading relationship)



- Recommended Non-Public Evidence: The document / evidence types agreed by the FMSB Working Group to be the most authoritative and widely available, which clients could be asked to produce to evidence required Data Points, if unavailable from public sources, and which they would be willing to accept when onboarding the client
- Alternative Non-Public Evidence: The next most authoritative, widely available documentation, if the Recommended Non-Public Evidence cannot be provided by the client
 - May be blank if no consensus exists on the next best
- Timeliness: The maximum time period which may have elapsed since the document was created/dated (or other action if indicated). Where Evidence is usually public, issued only once, or bespoke to the client relationship, this may be blank
- Additional Requirements: any additional parameters that the client-submitted evidence must meet e.g. auditing, notarisation, etc.
- Notes: Comments

Notes:

- In accordance with Core Principle 2, Recommended Non-Public Evidence and Alternative Non-Public Evidence should only be requested from the client where there is insufficient authoritative evidence that is reasonably possible to obtain from the public domain.
- If Golden Source or other sufficiently authoritative evidence is usually public, the non-availability of such evidence may require explanation from the client and/or further due diligence. Therefore, Recommended Non-Public Evidence may be unpopulated. If a consensus exists on other acceptable evidence, provided such explanation is acceptable, this will be listed under Alternative Non-Public Evidence.
- Certain documents may be public or private, depending on the regulatory or other obligations of the client and/or client choice. Where a document type appears in **both** Examples of Public Evidence and the Recommended or Alternative Non-Public Evidence columns, onboarding firms should seek to obtain the document publicly before requesting from clients.
- Data Points and Evidence, where capitalised, refer to the items in Annex 1. Otherwise, they take their generic meaning and/or refer to required or acceptable data points or evidence as determined by the Onboarding Firm.



Annex 1a: Onboarding Evidence List – Identity

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non-Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
Ala	LEGAL NAME	All	Government Usually public	Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents Change of Name documents (if relevant)			
Alb	PREVIOUS NAMES	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Change of Name documents Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Change of Name documents			Limited to changes in the last 5 years.
Alc	LEGAL FORM	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended				Consider using GLEIF Entity Legal Form ISO Standard.
A2	LEGAL REGISTERED ADDRESS	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			
АЗа	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			



Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non-Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
A3b	COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (IF DIFFERENT)	ALL	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			Relevant to e.g. foreign branches.
A4	DATE OF ESTABLISHMENT	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			
A5	REGISTRATION NUMBER	All	Government Usually public	 Companies Registry* Annual Reports Listing documents for equity or debt instruments 	N/A – Public documents highly recommended	Formation documents			
A6	TAX NUMBER	All	Government Sometimes public	Tax registry (where existing)	Extract from tax return to national/federal tax authority	Letter from national/federa I tax authority		Latest that remains valid	If request to client, Onboarding Firm should stipulate the type e.g. national, GIIN, other
A7	TAX RESIDENCE	All	GovernmentSometimes public	 Tax registry (where existing) Client websites	CRS form completed by the client	N/A – Client declaration		Latest that remains valid	

^{*} Where available for the legal entity type, else other government website



Annex 1b: Onboarding Evidence List – Business

Note that for this section in particular, many data points cannot be evidenced to a higher standard than a client declaration. Firms are encouraged to leverage information obtained by the client's relationship manager(s) in the ordinary course of business to both populate and corroborate the data points.

Where "Client Declaration" is stated, confirmation from the relationship manager may also be accepted provided they meet the conditions in 2c of Annex 3b, and the reasons for such confirmation are adequately documented.

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
B1	INDUSTRY TYPE	All	Government (upon client declaration) Usually public	Companies Registry* Annual Reports	N/A	Client declaration			e.g. NAICS (North American Industry Classification System) Onboarding firms may elect to change the client's classification from what was declared for internal risk management.
B2	NATURE OF BUSINESS	All	Client Usually public	Companies Registry* Annual Reports Client website	N/A	Client declaration			Client clarification/disclosure on business (c.f. B1 Industry Type) Firms may differ in questions asked to client on this point.
В3	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	All	Client Usually public	Companies Registry* Annual Reports Client website	N/A	Client declaration			
B4a	REGULATORY STATUS	All	(Quasi-) government Usually public	Regulator's Website	N/A – Public documents highly recommended				In limited circumstances where a public register does not exist, it is recommended that clients are asked to provide the latest return to or letter from the regulator.



Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
B4b	NAME OF REGULATOR (IF APPLICABLE)	All	(Quasi-) government Usually public	Regulator's Website	N/A – Public documents highly recommended				As above.
B4c	TENURE OF REGULATION	All	(Quasi-) government Usually public	Regulator's Website	N/A	Client declaration			How long the client has been regulated.
B5a	LISTING STATUS	All	Third party – exchange Usually public	Exchange website	N/A – Public documents highly recommended				Where a client has chosen to be listed on an exchange – excludes OTC markets.
B5b	NAME OF EXCHANGE	Public	Third party – exchange Usually public	Exchange website	N/A – Public documents highly recommended				Where a client has chosen to be listed on an exchange – excludes OTC markets.
B6	SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE	All	Client Bespoke	N/A	One or more of: Client declaration (e.g. Wolfsberg Questionnaire) Other proprietary form AML Letter	N/A – Client declaration			The exact requirements will be conditional on the attributes of the client and should be selected and communicated by the onboarding firm. Adverse news may provide indications, but its absence is not definitive.
B7	PURPOSE AND INTENDED NATURE OF THE RELATIONSHIP	All	Client Bespoke	N/A	Client declaration Trade documentation from the Relationship Manager	N/A – Client declaration			



Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
B8	INITIAL FUNDING AMOUNT	All	Client Bespoke	N/A	Client declaration Trade documentation from the Relationship Manager	N/A – Client declaration			
B9	TYPE OF FUNDS	All	Client Bespoke	N/A	Client declaration Trade documentation from the Relationship Manager	N/A – Client declaration			Currency/product mix for the account.
B10	SOURCE OF FUNDS	All	ClientBespokeSometimes publicly disclosed	Annual report Listing documents for equity or debt instruments or prospectus for other corporate actions	Annual Report or other audited financial statements	Client declaration		Most recent (if annual report/financials)	Source of the tranche into the account Sometimes disclosed e.g. use of proceeds from issuance or corporate actions.
ВІІ	SOURCE OF WEALTH	All	Client Sometimes publicly disclosed	Annual Report or other audited financial statements	Annual Report or other audited financial statements	Client declaration		Most recent (if annual report/financials)	May include additional data points, e.g. AUM, revenue for previous financial year and/or geographic revenue split
B12	ANTICIPATED TRANSACTION ACTIVITY	All	ClientBespoke	N/A	Client declaration	N/A – Client declaration			May be obtained through agents of the onboarding firm, e.g. relationship managers facing the client.
B13	REDEMPTION CYCLE	Funds (Hedge/PE Funds only)	ClientSometimes publicly disclosed	Prospectus /LP agreement	Prospectus /LP agreement	Client declaration		Most recent prospectus or original if no updates	



Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
B14	EVIDENCE OF AML PROGRAMME	Financial Institutions	Client Rarely public / bespoke	N/A	One or more of: Wolfsberg questionnaire ISSA questionnaire AML letter	N/A – Client declaration			The exact requirements will be conditional on the attributes of the client and should be selected and communicated by the onboarding firm.
B15	REGISTERED SHARE STATUS	All	Government (upon client declaration) Sometimes public	Companies registry* Annual Report	Articles of Association Annual Report	Client declaration: Bearer share declaration form			Limited to bearer share jurisdictions.
B16	NAME OF REGULATOR IN HOME COUNTRY	Financial Institutions	(Quasi-) governmentUsually public	Regulator's website	N/A				
B17	LICENSE TO OPERATE IF REQUIRED	Financial Institutions	(Quasi-) governmentRarely public	N/A	Copy of License			Latest iteration, original if no changes	May not be applicable e.g. where regulator does not issue physical licenses.
B18	TRADING NAME	All	Client Usually public	Trade register Annual report	Annual report Formation documents Regulators Extract				

^{*} Where available for the legal entity type, else other government website



Annex 1c: Onboarding Evidence List – Structure

This list highlights the legal and natural persons who **must be identified** for each type of client being onboarded, alongside ways of **evidencing their relationship** to the onboarded entity. They represent those which may exert significant influence over the strategic direction of the onboarded entity and/or legally bind the entity, either through their position (natural persons only), or ownership.

Section 1c) i: Overall Organisational Structure

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
CO	ORGANISATION CHART	All	Client Rarely public in level of detail required	• N/A	Client declaration: diagram meeting the requirements below			Most up to date	

Disclosure of over 10% shareholdings is usually disclosable by the shareholder due to transparency laws; however, it is not always practical for onboarding firms to piece together an entire company hierarchy, and publicly available diagrams are not always complete. Therefore, clients may initially be requested for a structure chart for the ownership component. Any structure chart or company hierarchy should identify any direct shareholders, controlling parties (legal persons) and UBOs (natural persons) above the threshold AND the full chain of ownership for each. Any regulated and/or listed entities on the chart should be highlighted. Firms are expected to use public sources to corroborate the client disclosure.

For Clients subject to standard Customer Due Diligence or Simplified Due Diligence, the ownership threshold for legal or natural persons is typically 25% of either voting or economic rights, or both. Where an Exception applies under Core Principle 6, lower aggregate ownership thresholds may apply.



Section 1c) ii: Natural Persons with control through appointment or election

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non- Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
СІ	KEY CONTROLLERS	All	Client Sometimes public	Companies Registry* Annual Report (if contained within) Client website	Any and all relevant of: Register of directors Board Resolution Certificate of incumbency Letter of authority Power of attorney		Client may be asked to provide written confirmation that documents submitted represent the current state or list changes	Valid and up to date	Individuals with significant influence to control, manage, or direct the Client. Should include Board of Directors, Executive Board / Managing Members / Partners as per the Client's legal form.
C2	CERTAIN AUTHORISED SIGNATORIES	All	Client Sometimes public	Client Website (if contained)	Any and all relevant of: • Authorised Signatories List • Power of Attorney • Corporate Resolution • Letter of Authorisation (Customer) • Board Resolution • Signature mandate		Client may be asked to provide written confirmation that documents submitted represent the current state or list changes	Valid and up to date	A subset of signatories that may bind the onboarded entity for the transaction activity anticipated with the Client. For certain client types, authorised dealers who are not authorised signatories may also be subject to similar documentational requirements as authorised signatories.
СЗ	ACCOUNT OPENING AGENT	All	Client Bespoke	N/A	Any and all relevant of: Board Resolution Secretary's certificate Register of members Account Openings Form or other contract			Valid and up to date	

^{*} Where available for the legal entity type, else other government website



Section 1c)iii: Legal Persons with control through ownership

Trust structures are considered as if they were a single legal person. Where a trust owns more than the threshold of the Client, they fall under this category even if no natural person who is a beneficiary of the trust owns more than the threshold individually.

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non-Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
C4	DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE	Private	Client Sometimes public	Audited financials / annual report (if contained within) RNS reports	Share register AML letter with % investor confirmation Confirmation from a trusted third party certifier via email		Verified by third party Client may be asked to provide written confirmation that documents submitted represent the current state or list changes	Valid and up to date	If no direct shareholders have more than the threshold stake, a client declaration may be sufficient. While shareholdings may have changed since the date of the evidence independently gathered or submitted by the client, disclosure rules around shareholdings may allow onboarding firms to confirm the changes through publicly available information.
C5	INDIRECT / INTERMEDIATE SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE	All	Client Sometimes public	Audited financials / annual report (if contained within) RNS reports	 Annual Report (if included) AML letter with % investor confirmation Confirmation from a trusted third party certifier via email 		Verified by third party Client may be asked to provide written confirmation that documents submitted represent the current state or list changes	Valid and up to date	If no direct shareholders have more than the threshold stake, a client declaration may be sufficient. While shareholdings may have changed since the date of the evidence independently gathered or submitted by the client, disclosure rules around shareholdings may allow onboarding firms to confirm the changes through publicly available information.



Section 1c)iv: Natural Persons with control through ownership

Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non-Public Evidence	Alternative Non-Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
C6	UBOs	All	Client Sometimes public	Beneficial ownership registers Audited financials / annual report (if contained within) RNS reports	 Share register UBO form Client declaration 		Verified by third party Client may be asked to provide written confirmation that documents submitted represent the current state or list changes	Valid and up to date	If no direct shareholders have more than the threshold stake, a client declaration may be sufficient. Particularly when a trust structure is an intermediate controlling party, beneficiaries which are deemed Connected may be designated as UBOs if the total ownership of the Connected parties is over the threshold, even if the individual persons' ownership is below the threshold.
C7	SENIOR MANAGING OFFICIAL/ NBOs	Conditional – see Notes							Where no UBO exists with more than the threshold ownership, the Senior Managing Official / NBO will be chosen by onboarding firm in lieu, as a person with significant control. The SMO / NBO will be selected from the list of Key Controllers and Senior Executives, therefore, no additional sources or evidence are required.



Annex 1d: Onboarding Evidence List – Connected Parties

The first table highlights the Data Points which may be required **about** certain legal and natural persons identified in Annex 1c as part of a Firm's standard requests for SDD or CDD onboarding. The second table shows the evidence for those Data Points for natural persons. For legal persons, please refer to the corresponding item in Annex 1a and 1b.

Data Point →	Legal Name	Country of Incorporation	Legal Registered Address	Name of Regulator (if any)	Name of Exchange (if any)	Name	Job Title	Nationality (All)	Date of Birth	Home Address
Connected Party ↓	Ala	АЗа	A2	B4b	B5b	Dì	D2	D3	D4	D5
KEYCONTROLLERS						X	X	Х	X	X
AUTHORISED SIGNATORIES ¹						Х		Х	Х	
ACCOUNT OPENING AGENT						X		Х	X	
DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE (OVER 25%) ²	X	X	X	X	X					
INDIRECT / INTERMEDIATE SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE (OVER 25%) ²	X	X	X	X	X					
UBOs						Χ		Х	Х	X

¹ Required only for a subset of individuals

² Legal persons – please see UBOs for natural persons. Where a Trust structure exists, they are treated as if they were a legal person, however no Module yet exists for Trusts and therefore Annex 1a may not apply. Firms can follow their own internal policies to populate and verify the data points required.



Ref	Data Point	Client Type	Golden Source	Examples of Public Evidence	Recommended Non-Public Evidence	Alternative Non- Public Evidence	Additional Requirements	Timeliness	Notes
Dì	NAME	All	Government Rarely public	N/A	Passport or other ID issued or endorsed by the national or federal government ¹		Certified within 12mo or seen by Level 2c employee ²	In validity period in first instance	
D2	JOB TITLE	All	ClientSometimes public	Annual reports	Client Declaration				
D3	NATIONALITY	All	Government Rarely public	N/A	Passport or other ID issued or endorsed by the national or federal government		Certified within 12mo or seen by Level 2c employee ²	In validity period in first instance	Only one passport or ID required where multiple nationalities held, but client/connected party should list all nationalities.
D4	DOB	All	GovernmentRarely public	N/A	Passport or other ID issued or endorsed by the national or federal government ¹		Certified within 12mo or seen by Level 2c employee ²	In validity period in first instance	
D5	PRIMARY RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS	All	Client Not usually public		Utility Bill (physical supply e.g. not mobile phone) Council tax Bank/credit card statement Drivers' license			For Drivers' license: in validity period All others: dated within 3mo	

¹ Firms may request / accept digital forms of ID that meet this description at their discretion

² See Annex 3b



Annex le: Onboarding Evidence List – Supplementary Operational Data

This list highlights key operational data for trading and post-trade processes, and which should be considered for collection at the point of onboarding. Onboarding firms are also encouraged to consider relevant market practice on reference data, e.g. that contained in the UK Accelerated Settlement Taskforce reports.

Data Point

I FI

SSIs for all accounts under which settlement is anticipated

Telephone Number of key contacts / switchboard

Email Address of key contacts (individual or group)

Client Capacity (e.g., Principal/Agent)

Authorised dealers

Know Your Business (KYB) - products to be traded, size, and frequency



Annex 2 – Mapping of Suggested Documents in Annex 1a-c to Data Points

* denotes documents which are always or usually publicly available

* denotes documents wh	ICIT	are	aivvo	ауз	or u.	Suu	ily P	abii	Ciy C	ı v a ı ı	abit	_																											
	LEGAL NAME	PREVIOUS NAMES	LEGAL FORM	LEGAL REGISTERED ADDRESS	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (IF DIFFERENT)	DATE OF ESTABLISHMENT	REGISTRATION NUMBER	TAX NUMBER	TAX RESIDENCE	INDUSTRY TYPE	NATURE OF BUSINESS	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	REGULATORY STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR (IF APPLICABLE)	TENURE OF REGULATION	LISTING STATUS	NAME OF EXCHANGE	SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE	PURPOSE AND INTENDED NATURE OF THE RELATIONSHIP	INITIAL FUNDING AMOUNT	TYPE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF WEALTH	ANTICIPATED TRANSACTION ACTIVITY	REDEMPTION CYCLE	EVIDENCE OF AML PROGRAMME	REGISTERED SHARE STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR IN HOME COUNTRY	LICENSE TO OPERATE IF REQUIRED	TRADING NAME	ORGANISATION CHART	KEY CONTROLLERS	CERTAIN AUTHORISED SIGNATORIES	ACCOUNT OPENING AGENT	DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE	INDIRECT / INTERMEDIATE SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE UBOS	UBOs	SENIOR MANAGING OFFICIAL / NBOs
	Ala	Alb	Alc	A 2	A3a	A3b	A4	A5	A6	A7	<u>B</u>	B2	B3	B4a	B4b	B4c	B5a	B5b	B6	B7	B8	B9	B10	ВП	B12	B13	B14	B15	B16	B17	B18	00	Image: control of the	22	C3	C4	C5	90	C.7
Companies Registry*	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√															√					√						
Annual Reports*	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√										√	√				√			√		√			√	√	√	
Listing documents for equity or debt instruments*	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	√	√	✓															✓																
Change of Name documents*	✓	✓																																					
Tax registry (where existing)*									√	✓																													
Client website*										√		√	√																				√	√					
Regulator's website*														√	√	√													√										
Exchange website*																	✓	✓																					
Prospectus for corporate actions*																							✓																
Trade register*																															√								
Beneficial ownership registers*																																						√	



	LEGAL NAME	PREVIOUS NAMES	LEGAL FORM	LEGAL REGISTERED ADDRESS	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (IF DIFFERENT)	DATE OF ESTABLISHMENT	REGISTRATION NUMBER	TAX NUMBER	TAX RESIDENCE	INDUSTRY TYPE	NATURE OF BUSINESS	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	REGULATORY STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR (IF APPLICABLE)	TENURE OF REGULATION	LISTING STATUS	NAME OF EXCHANGE	SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE	PURPOSE AND INTENDED NATURE OF THE RELATIONSHIP	INITIAL FUNDING AMOUNT	TYPE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF WEALTH	ANTICIPATED TRANSACTION ACTIVITY	REDEMPTION CYCLE	EVIDENCE OF AML PROGRAMME	REGISTERED SHARE STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR IN HOME COUNTRY	LICENSE TO OPERATE IF REQUIRED	TRADING NAME	ORGANISATION CHART	KEY CONTROLLERS	CERTAIN AUTHORISED SIGNATORIES	ACCOUNT OPENING AGENT	DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE	INDIRECT/INTERMEDIATE SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE LIBOS		SENIOR MANAGING OFFICIAL / NBOs
	АЈа	Alb	Alc	A2	A3a	A3b	A4	A5	A6	A7	В	B2	B3	B4a	B4b	B4c	B5a	B5b	B6	B7	B8	B3	B10	BII	B12	B13	B14	B15	B16	B17	B18	8	ט	C2	C3	77	C5	90	C7
RNS Reports*																																				✓	✓	✓	
Audited financials*																							✓	✓												✓	✓	✓	
Regulator's extract																															√								
Articles of Association																												√											
Formation documents	√			√	√	√	√	√																							√								
Letter from national/ federal tax authority									✓																														
Prospectus/LP agreement																										√													
Extract from tax return to national/federal tax authority									✓																														
CRS form completed by the client										✓																													
Wolfsberg Questionnaire																			✓								✓												
ISSA questionnaire																											✓												
Other proprietary form																			√																				
AML Letter																			√								✓									√	✓		
Trade documentation from the Relationship Manager																				✓	✓	✓																	
Register of directors																																	✓						
Board Resolution																																	✓						



	LEGAL NAME	PREVIOUS NAMES	LEGAL FORM	LEGAL REGISTERED ADDRESS	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	COUNTRY OF REGISTRATION (IF DIFFERENT)	DATE OF ESTABLISHMENT	REGISTRATION NUMBER	TAX NUMBER	TAX RESIDENCE	INDUSTRY TYPE	NATURE OF BUSINESS	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS	REGULATORY STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR (IF APPLICABLE)	TENURE OF REGULATION	LISTING STATUS	NAME OF EXCHANGE	SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE	PURPOSE AND INTENDED NATURE OF THE RELATIONSHIP	INITIAL FUNDING AMOUNT	TYPE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF FUNDS	SOURCE OF WEALTH	ANTICIPATED TRANSACTION ACTIVITY	REDEMPTION CYCLE	EVIDENCE OF AML PROGRAMME	REGISTERED SHARE STATUS	NAME OF REGULATOR IN HOME COUNTRY	LICENSE TO OPERATE IF REQUIRED	TRADING NAME	ORGANISATION CHART	KEY CONTROLLERS	CERTAIN AUTHORISED SIGNATORIES	ACCOUNT OPENING AGENT	DIRECT SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE	INDIRECT/INTERMEDIATE SHAREHOLDERS WITH CONTROLLING STAKE UROS	UBOs	SENIOR MANAGING OFFICIAL / NBOs
	Ala	Alb	Alc	A2	A3a	A3b	A4	A5	A6	A7	回	B2	B3	B4a	B4b	B4c	B5a	B5b	B6	B7	B8	B3	B10	BII	B12	B13	B14	B15	B16	B17	B18	8	<u>ت</u>	S	2	C4	C5	90	C.7
Certificate of incumbency															_																		/						
Letter of authority																																	/						
Authorised Signatories List																																		√					
Power of Attorney																																	√	√					
Corporate Resolution																																		√					
Letter of Authorisation (Customer)																																		✓					
Board Resolution																																		√	√				
Signature mandate																																		√					
Secretary's certificate																																			√				
Register of members																																			✓				
Account opening form or contract																																			✓				
Share register																																				✓		✓	
UBO form																																						✓	
Client declaration											✓	✓	✓			✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓					✓						✓	
Bearer share declaration form																												√											
Confirmation from trusted third party																																				√	✓		
Copy of License																														✓									



Annex 3a: Principles for Gathering of Data Points and Evidence: Sourcing

- The level of proof for a data point can only be as high as the least credible source in the chain of evidence from data point creator to the onboarding firm, unless a more credible downstream intermediary conducts adequate due diligence.
- Notwithstanding the benefits of external due diligence, documents/evidence should be sourced as close as possible to the creator of a data point to minimise errors in the faithfulness of reproduction.
- Where a document/evidence's credibility has been enhanced because it has been presented as having special significance to the public and/or another body, efforts should be made to source the document independently from the sender.
- For jurisdictions deemed appropriately regulated, as determined by the onboarding firm, the deemed trustworthiness of a source, for the purposes of onboarding, should follow the hierarchy in Annex 3b. However, firms should consider the relative trustworthiness of sources when considering others or comparing across jurisdictions.



Annex 3b: Principles for Gathering of Data Points and Evidence: Hierarchy of Sources

Below is applicable for countries deemed appropriately regulated by the onboarding firm. It may not be applicable in other jurisdictions and/or situations which are deemed to require Enhanced Due Diligence, e.g. the presence of higher risk PEPs. When multiple jurisdictions are concerned, firms should consider the relative trustworthiness of sources across these jurisdictions.

In accordance with the "weakest link" principle, the below hierarchy applies where the sources listed are the "golden source" / creator of a particular data point, OR the sources listed have performed sufficient due diligence for a data point to confirm its veracity, for example, in the context of an audit. Evidence that is merely "passed through" without additional verification, for example, an unaudited client submission being hosted on even a government registry, cannot be elevated above its previous source level. In this example, the act of submission to an exchange and/or its publication may, however, elevate the credibility of the document within Level 3, in accordance with the principles in Annex 3c.

Notwithstanding the credibility of the source, where clients rely upon bespoke declarations in lieu of commonly available documentation, onboarding firms should critically assess the reasons for the absence of these documents.



Level 1: Government and quasi-government agencies

- Obtained from a municipal, national, supranational or international government source, or organisations affiliated to, delegated to, or endorsed by the above, such as:
 - A registry;
 - A regulator;
 - A tax authority.
- Obtained from aggregators, where firms deem the auditability and/or immutability of evidence for a data point is as if received directly from the data creator.

Level 2a: Trusted Market Infrastructure Providers and other public sources

- Obtained from exchanges
- Obtained from audit firms, legal services firms, and other regulated legal, professional or business service industries
- Obtained from aggregators, where firms deem the provider adequately trustworthy, but where the auditability and/or immutability of evidence does not satisfy Level 1.

Level 2b: Certified by regulated individuals

- Received directly from practitioners of legal, professional or business service industries who are personally regulated;
- Certified documents obtained directly from the client where the name and (where applicable) register number of the certifier is legible.

Level 2c: Employees of the Onboarding Entity

- Observed directly by an employee of the firm onboarding the client
 - Firms should consider the seniority and role of the employee, the frequency of contact with the client, and any legal entity considerations between the employing entity and entit(ies) through which the client is being onboarded, when determining whether a representation from the employee is sufficient to satisfy any particular data point.

Level 3: No external verification

• Document obtained from the client with no additional external verification.



Annex 3c: Principles for Gathering of Data Points and Evidence: Evidence Type

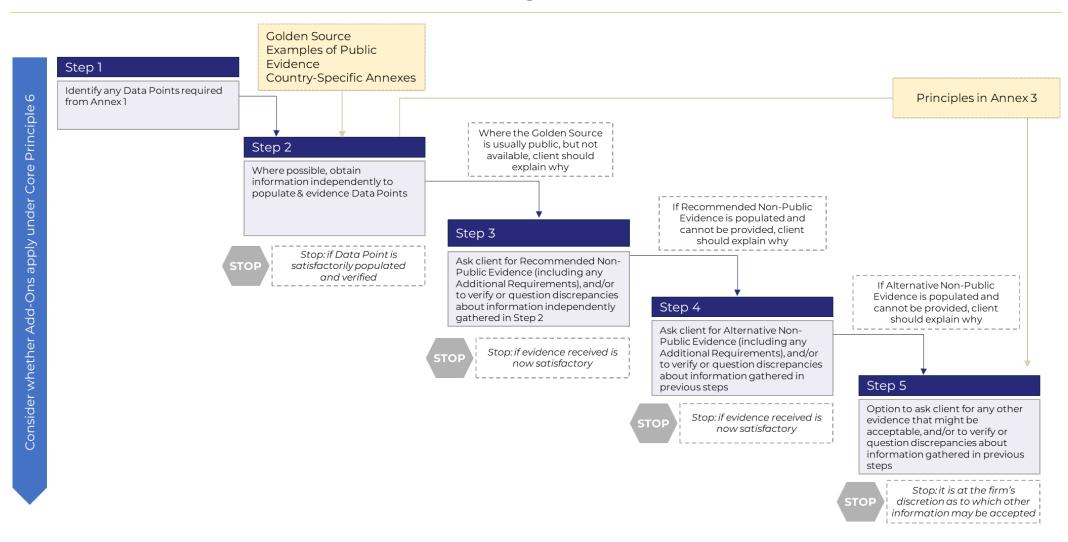
- Within Level 3 in Annex 3b, there is a hierarchy of document/evidence types. Documents/evidence will be more credible depending on the strength and accuracy of one or more of the following non-exhaustive criteria:
 - They are legislative or regulatory requirements;
 - They carry significant consequences in case of inaccuracies;
 - They have been authorised at a higher levels of governance;
 - They are of more widespread application;
 - They have been submitted to other parties; and/or
 - They have been made public.

An example of how these principles may be applied follows:

	Constitutional and Governance Documents	Rationale
Highest	Formation documents (where filed with gov. authority)	 Signed at the highest level of governance Most authoritative – gives effect to all other rights and liabilities of the entity and prevail in case of inconsistencies Regulatory requirement Submitted to government authority Public
	Annual required filings (where filed with gov. authority)	 Signed at the highest level of governance Significant consequences if material inaccuracies Regulatory requirement Submitted to government authority Public
	Board resolutions	 Signed at the highest level of governance Most authoritative – subservient only to formation documents
	Internal policies and procedures (global vs desk-level)	 Global policies will be of more widespread application Global policies are likely to have been authorised at higher levels of governance Note: certain low-level policies may be less authoritative than certain emails
Lowest	Emails (seniority, audience)	 Generally, emails are to select parties and non-public and therefore less authoritative An email's credibility may be strengthened if sent by senior executives, to government or other agencies, and/or are in response to legislative or regulatory requirements.



Annex 4: Recommended Process for Sourcing of Evidence





Step 1: identify Data Points required from Annex 1

Step 2: try to obtain information independently to populate & evidence those Data Points to onboarding firm's satisfaction, considering the Golden Source and Examples of Public Evidence, if any, and the principles in Annex 3.

If Data Point is satisfactorily populated and verified, STOP.

ELSE, where the Golden Source is usually public but not available, client should explain why. Continue

Step 3: firm should ask client for Recommended Non-Public Evidence (if populated) and any Additional Requirements if applicable, and/or to verify or question discrepancies about information independently gathered in Step 2.

If Data Point is satisfactorily populated and verified, STOP.

ELSE, if Recommended Non-Public Evidence is populated and cannot be provided, client should explain why. Continue

Step 4: firm should ask client for Alternative Non-Public Evidence in Annex 1 (if populated) and any Additional Requirements if applicable, and/or to verify or question discrepancies about information gathered in previous steps.

If Data Point is satisfactorily populated and verified, STOP.

ELSE, if Alternative Non-Public Evidence is populated and cannot be provided, client should explain why. Continue

Step 5: firm may ask client for any other evidence that might be acceptable, and/or to verify or question discrepancies about information gathered in previous steps. It is at the onboarding firm's discretion as to other information that may be asked for and accepted, considering the principles in Annex 3.

Note: it is not expected that these steps happen simultaneously for all Data Points selected. For example, evidence about connected parties in Annex 1d will require the connected parties to be identified first. Firms should, however, be conscious of Core Principle 8 and combine requests for evidence where reasonably possible.

At all applicable steps, Firms should consider whether any Add-Ons should apply in accordance with the RBA and as recognised under Core Principle 6.



Annex 5: Sample Communication to Clients

We conduct our client onboarding processes in accordance with the Core Principles in the Financial Markets Standard Board publication Standard for Client Onboarding: Documentation and Processes (the "FMSB Standard").

While we will endeavour to independently obtain the information we require about you and any connected parties, where such information is bespoke to any future relationship, or adequately reliable evidence is not in the public domain, we may require additional documentation from you. We will communicate the required documentation, including any additional attributes, as clearly and as efficiently as possible.

Where the requirement to gather documentation stems from the application of UK legislation, regulation and/or guidance for CDD, our requirements are guided by Annex 1 of the FMSB Standard. If you are unable to provide the requested documentation, we may require you to explain the reasons, and acceptance of alternative evidence will be at our discretion.

[If applicable: As you are a newly incorporated entity or an entity yet to be incorporated, while the evidence set we may require from you will remain guided by Annex 1 of the FMSB Standard, we may require one or more of these documents to be certified by an independent third party, the requirements of which will be communicated to you.]

The FMSB Standard recognises that risks relating to compliance with sanctions regulations are significant, and depending on the size, complexity, and location of where you do business, we may have additional requests for information or evidence from you. Additionally, we may have other onboarding requirements outside of Annex 1 of the FMSB Standard, including but not limited to the industry in which you operate, the laws of other jurisdictions by which we are bound, your anticipated transactions with us, or requirements for additional due diligence under the UK's Risk Based Approach to CDD.